

THE WRANGELL SENTINEL

VOL XVII NO. 12

WRANGELL, ALASKA, THURSDAY, MARCH 14, 1918

PRICE TEN CENTS

CABLE NEWS

LOS ANGELES. — Mrs. Garfield, widow of the late president died.

BERLIN. — German troops have entered Odessa.

SAN FRANCISCO. — Plans of the German government to wrest Canada from England, and a scheme to return German prisoners of war in Russia via Vladivostok and the United States to the Fatherland was revealed in a Hindu trial today.

TOKIO. — Foreign Minister Motono when asked by the Budget committee if the United States had arranged to take over Kamchatka peninsula replied: "Transfer of Kamchatka not recognized by the government."

LONDON. — Nineteen British vessels including one fishing boat was sunk during the week ending Wednesday.

WASHINGTON. — Ambassador Francis cabled the State Department from Volgodia today that the indications are that Trotsky will oppose ratification by Soviet congress of German peace terms.

WASHINGTON. — General Pershing reported that the American troops that defeated the Germans on March 5 were from the Forty-second Rainbow division.

LONDON. — German airships raided the Northeast coast of England last night. Five were killed and nine injured.

LONDON. — Because of long delays in negotiations with Holland over Dutch ships in Allied ports and the slowness of the Dutch government to act in this respect Britain and the United States have reached an agreement to take over all such ships next week for the use of the Allies. The amount of tonnage made available is a million tons.

WASHINGTON. — Meat export to Allies is to be increased 50 per cent, perhaps doubled.

ROCHESTER. — A cloudburst this morning swept Coniste valley doing great damage. Many persons injured.

STOCKHOLM. — A number of American and British citizens sailing from Finland on a neutral vessel were captured by Germans according to a dispatch received here. Those of military age were taken to Germany and interned.

WASHINGTON. — Germany's new peace terms about to be foisted upon the world's diplomatic authorities which suggests the retention of plunder in the East while she gives up her ambitions in the West will get a stonier hearing than any proposal to date.

PETROGRAD. — Vandals are raiding government offices stealing valuable furniture and paintings and carting them away or selling them on the street corners. The government is so occupied with peace and the Siberian terms that it is unable to impose restraint.

PARIS. — Thirty-four were killed and eighty injured by bombs Monday night in the air raid. Sixty-six died from being trampled upon in the panic.

PARIS. — Secretary of War Baker took refuge in the wine cellar of the hotel during the big air raid Monday night.

PARIS. — Secretary of War Baker in a statement said that his visit to France at this time is a pilgrimage to the shrine of heroism—that it is an inspiration to see the great commanders of armies which so long have held the frontier of freedom against all attacks.

NEW YORK. — Theodore Roosevelt gave expression of great joy today when informed that his son, Captain Archie Roosevelt had been decorated for bravery in France.

PARIS. — An American detachment in the Woivre region successfully carried out a surprise attack on the German trenches at Sourichcourt.

OTTAWA. — The long staning fisheries dispute between Canada and the United States has been settled for the duration of the war, it was announced today by H. Bantline, minister of Marine. Under the agreement reached by the joint commission U. S. fishing vessels will be permitted to enter Canadian ports directly from the various fishing grounds and without re-

quiring licenses may sell their catches at these ports, and secure fresh supplies there and clear again for fishing grounds. Canadian vessels will be accorded similar privileges in United States ports.

SEATTLE. — Judge Neterer of the Federal court today dissolved the fish trust which for years has had its tentacles in the industry in Washington and Alaska. Indictments were returned nearly four years ago against the Booth Fisheries company, Cetopec Fish company, International Fisheries company, San Juan Fishing & Packing company, Occidental Fish company. The companies first sought to stand trial, but withdrew pleas of not guilty.

NEW YORK. — Capt. Archibald Roosevelt has been wounded in action with the American forces in France. Theodore Roosevelt Jr. cabled the Colonel as follows: "Archie wounded by shrapnell slightly in leg. Arm broken but not badly. No danger. Ted."

OF LOCAL INTEREST

The regular monthly meeting of the town council which was to have been held last Thursday evening was postponed for a few days on account of Councilmen J. G. Grant, J. G. Borge and G. H. Barnes being out of town.

A most enjoyable event was the smoker given by the Redmen following their regular meeting Tuesday evening. In addition to card games there was a splendid musical program consisting of vocal and instrumental selections. Those taking part in the program were: Dr. J. L. Bulkley, W. H. Warren, Oscar Wickstrom, Wm. Patterson.

For the shave and haircut of satisfaction go to Ed Grigwire's shop, opposite drug store.

J. R. Bender returned on the Spokane Monday from a month's business trip to Seattle.

For Sale Cheap—Eight skates of halibut gear. Inquire of S. A. Shepard.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Borch will return home on the Jefferson from an extended visit to California.

Tom Lloyd was fined \$50 and costs on Tuesday for having liquor in his possession.

One of the denizens of Sulzer is suffering with a sprained ankle as a result of having lost his footing and slid 1200 feet down a mountain side.

Have your watch repaired at George Cowan's, in the Uhler Block.

J. G. Borge, manager of the Columbia & Northern Fishing & Packing company, arrived home this week from a three months' trip outside. Mr. Borge visited San Francisco and other points on the Pacific Coast. He says that conditions on the Coast are good.

Roy L. Cole of Deweyville arrived on the Vermont Sunday. He returned Wednesday accompanied by Mrs. Cole. Miss Elsie Moore went to Deweyville with Mr. and Mrs. Cole. This means that the North Star orchestra has lost its star.

W. H. Bitters has been ill at the Wrangell hotel this week.

A member of the Red Cross will be in the town hall between 3 and 4 o'clock Friday afternoon to receive donations for the work.

Ed Grigwire's dandruff treatment is the best on the market. Try it and be convinced.

Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Towne of Skagway visited with Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Warren while the Sophia was in port Tuesday.

Mrs. Hugh Chilberg (nee Ann Sylvester) is now sojourning in New York City in company with her husband's mother, Mrs. J. E. Chilberg.

Anyone knowing the whereabouts of H. A. Luebben is requested to communicate with the Sentinel.

JUNIOR RED CROSS NOTES

The Junior Red Cross of the Public School will greatly appreciate any donation made to them on Friday of this week.

A committee will be in the room formerly occupied by the jeweler next to Benjamin's store from 2 to 6 p. m.

Eat at least one wheatless meal a day.

ADMIRAL EVANS IS WRECKED

(Juneau Empire)

The steamer Admiral Evans is lying on the beach at Hawk Inlet completely submerged with the exception of the top of her pilot house and her forepeak, as a result of having struck a rock there Saturday afternoon at 5:14, while entering the Inlet to unload freight. The mail, hand baggage, passengers, and members of the crew arrived in Juneau yesterday shortly after noon on the Princess Sophia, which was sent to the scene as soon as word was received of the accident. The Evans and the greater part of her cargo will be saved. The wrecking the Salvor and Captain are on the way North, having left Victoria at noon Sunday for the scene.

The ship is resting at an angle of 30 degrees with 11 fathoms of water aft at low tide and with 42 fathoms amidships. She is resting on a sandy beach in quiet water and is in no danger of breaking up. Shipping men and officers of the ship say that she can be salvaged and raised without difficulty.

Will Go South

Members of the crew were sent South on the Princess Sophia yesterday evening, passengers for the Westward will be sent out on the Alameda, while those for Port Althrop will leave on the Spokane.

It is said that the accident was caused by the shifting of Buoy No. 3, from regular position which caused the Evans to sheer too far to one side. She struck two glancing blows on the port side forward. At once full speed was ordered and she was headed for the beach approximately two miles away. She started to fill at a rapid rate and was well down by the head when she was beached. The oil tanks on the steamer burst and the baggage and the entire cargo was saturated with fuel oil from the tanks.

Officers at Wreck

Captain Charles Glasscock, the chief engineer, boatswain and second officer are standing by the wreck. The balance of the members of the crew are quartered at the Circle City Hotel. The passengers are quartered at the Alaskan, Gastineau and the Zynada Hotels, where the Pacific Steamship Company at once made arrangements for their care.

The first word of the wreck was received in Juneau Saturday at 5:15 o'clock in the shape of an S. O. S. call. It stated that the Evans had struck a rock and was sinking. Agent Gallagher made arrangements with the Sophia to proceed to the scene immediately after her arrival here and to bring the crew and passengers to Juneau. Ticket Agent J. H. Kline was sent with the Sophia to help in caring for the passengers.

Agent Gallagher wired the Evans at 7:10 stating that the Sophia was on the way to the scene, but the wireless force of the Juneau station reported that communication had ceased.

Purser Tells of Wreck

Purser Garry Bach, of the Evans, this morning related the story of the wreck. "We were proceeding up the Hawk Inlet Channel to the cannery to unload a cargo for the Hawk Inlet Packing Company. At 5:15 Saturday afternoon the Evans struck and was at once headed for the beach. She landed in the mud at 5:28, and at that time had over twelve feet of water in her hold, according to what I was told," Mr. Bach said.

"At the time she was beached she was still running full speed ahead. At 8:45 the work of taking the passengers off the ship was started. A howling gale was blowing and the thermometer registered below zero. The passengers were taken ashore in the St. Nicholas, Murelette, and Fish Hawk. The passengers saved practically all their hand baggage and the crew most of their belongings. The mail and express was removed from the ship together with a supply of blankets and bedding for the passengers and crew.

Ladies Cared For
"I went ashore with the pass-

engers to see about quarters for them. The ladies were taken care of by Mrs. Edwards, while the men were quartered in the bunkhouses, store building, and the sleeping quarters of the cannery superintendent and foremen. Coffee was served as soon as possible after the passengers landed. There was practically nothing in the camp to eat. The entire stock of supplies consisted of two cases of eggs, two quarters of beef, four boxes of crackers and some canned fruit. This was distributed around among the shipwrecked troupe and every one got something, although there was not enough for everyone to get as much as they wanted.

"After the passengers had been cared for I returned to the ship to get my personal belongings, but was unable to get to my room. I lost everything I had as did also the wireless men and electric clerks. The ship's papers and express were saved.

Was No Excitement

"There was no excitement among the passengers or the crew. Dinner was served after the ship struck, but everyone was too interested to think of eating. The passengers acted in a perfectly orderly manner and obeyed the instructions of the officers of the ship in every detail. The crew were orderly and well behaved, and after reaching the cannery, Capt. Glasscock complimented the men on the way in which they had conducted themselves. The Princess Sophia arrived at 7:10 Sunday morning and got away from there about 10 o'clock," he concluded.

Cargo of Evans

The Evans was loaded with 600 tons of can-making machinery, canning machinery, wire netting, wire cable, lumber and coal for Port Althrop and some supplies for the Canoe Pass Packing Company. Much of this will be saved, but the delay in getting it out will seriously handicap these two concerns this season. L. C. Buschman, of Port Althrop, last night placed orders with the Juneau houses for as much of the supplies as could be duplicated in Juneau and this material will be taken to the cannery by the Spokane tomorrow.

The Admiral Evans was formerly the Buckman. She was built at Toledo, Ohio, in 1901. She is 253 feet long, 36 feet beam and 22 feet depth. She is of 2,393 gross tons, and her engines develop 2,000 indicated horse power.

Some of Details

One of the details of the Evans wreck which stands out with startling clearness was the action of Wireless Operator Howard Canender who refused to leave his post until forced to do so by rapidly rising waters. It is said that Canender was ordered from his post by Captain Glasscock, but refused to leave. When the engine room flooded at 7:30 the wireless dynamo was put out of commission, but Canender switched to the emergency set and operated his machine until the water reached his waist before he would leave his post.

Another detail was the action of Purser Bach, who sacrificed all of his personal belongings rather than allow the passengers one minute of discomfort which he could avoid. Mr. Bach left the ship and remained away until everything for the comfort of the passengers possible had been done. On his return after his belongings he found that the water had risen to such a height that he was unable to reach his room. The wireless boys also lost their entire personal effects, including a brand new typewriter which they had just purchased at their own expense.

Captain Is Popular

Captain Charles Glasscock, of the Admiral Evans, has been one of the popular commanding officers on the Northern run since he took command of the Evans about two years ago. Before that time he acted as pilot, and in other capacities on this run for about twelve years. He has been known as a careful navigator and this is his first serious accident. Several times the Evans has rammed rocks or rested on mud banks, and had machinery accidents, such as happen to all the boats at various times. This is the first time that his ship has been damaged to any extent.

SAYS WRANGELL PEOPLE HAVE A WRONG NOTION

Resolution of Local Fishermen Against the Importation of Austrian Alien Fishermen Meets Disapproval from Ketchikan Miner.

"Cannot be Used in Military Service" Given as One of the Reasons for Making Sparsely Settled Alaska Dumping Ground for Aliens

Says Sixty Per Cent of Fishermen Have Taken First Papers and May Become as Good Citizens as Those Who Object to Their Coming

(For editorial comment see last page)

(Ketchikan Miner, March 8)

THEY HAVE THE WRONG NOTION.

A copy of the resolution adopted at a mass meeting held recently at Wrangell, was sent us for publication; presumably to show the Sentiment of the fishermen at that place against the importation of labor to Alaska.

The fishermen who oppose the idea take a wrong notion. It has never been said that men would be brought here to do the work that Alaskans can do; but rather the work they cannot do. With the drafting of fishermen for service, there is bound to be a shortage of labor. This is the shortage the government purposes attending to by the importation of men who otherwise cannot be used in military service.

No Alaska fishermen will be deprived of fishing, provided they want to fish. Aside from that we should not be unmindful of the fact that at least sixty per cent of the fishermen in Alaska are men who have only taken their first papers to become citizens. They made their appearance here without any opposition from the citizens. Why should they object to new comers. The latter may become good citizens also and just as useful to the country as most of those who object to their coming.

However, the government knows best and if Alaska needs more fishermen, Alaska shall have them.

Conditions Under Which Austrian Fishermen May Be Employed in Alaskan Waters

Representations from big fishing interests that among Alaska fisheries there is an extensive dependence on the services of Austrian-born fishermen has led the Government to undertake to relieve the alleged serious situation by permitting Austrians to fish in Alaskan waters. The Government has made this remarkable concession believing that it would thereby prevent a serious curtailment of Alaska salmon canning operations which would result if Alaska canneries were refused the privilege of importing Austrian fishermen. That it was no easy matter for those interested in the scheme to put it through is clearly indicated by the extremely cautious language used in the following memorandum issued by the Department of Justice:

"The employers engaged in the canning and fishing industry in Alaskan waters desirous of employing Austrian alien enemies will at their early convenience please furnish this office with the names of their respective companies, places of incorporation, principal officers, the nationality of the several officers of the corporation and a statement as to whether any of the stock of the corporation is owned, controlled

or indirectly held for any alien person or persons, and the location of canneries and plants in Alaskan waters.

"The employers will please furnish at their early convenience a list of the Austrian aliens whom they wish to employ, together with a certificate that they have caused a careful examination to be made as to the character of each of the employees recommended, and that in the belief of the officers of the company the persons recommended are well disposed to the peace and safety of the United States.

"The foregoing facts should be sworn to by responsible officers of the company, and the company must further obligate itself to the following terms and conditions:

"1. That none but American citizens of proved good character and loyalty to the country shall be placed in charge of any boat or boats used in the service of the company. The company must agree that it will at all times exercise the highest degree of care, both in the original employment and in the service performed by the alien employees of the plant, co-operating with the government officers; that they cause to be made a complete and careful search of the boats and equipment used before leaving Puget Sound waters.

"2. The companies will provide, at their own expense, all data, including passes showing photographs, personal description, left thumb print, signature of the fisherman and the recommending company, these to be proved in triplicate, at no expense to the government.

"3. The employers will, throughout the period of employment and absence in Alaskan waters, maintain a careful and rigorous censorship of letters and packages passing to and from the aliens mentioned.

"4. The employing companies must further obligate themselves to pay all expenses incident to transportation and maintenance of aliens to and from Puget Sound ports, and that they will return immediately, at their own expense, any alien shipped by them, at the request of the United States attorney, marshal, collector of customs or naval intelligence officer in the western district of Washington, or United States marshal, or deputy collector of customs for Alaskan ports. Permits will be granted only upon condition that they can be revoked at any time by any of the officers above mentioned.

"5. The employers must further agree that they will not ship or attempt to ship any alien enemy not approved by this office.

"6. The employers must further agree that they will ship no German alien enemies into Alaskan waters or employ them without permit of the local federal authorities.

"7. The employers will assist the department in the inspection of boats and have a muster of the crew before sailing for Alaska, and on arrival in Alaska have the vessels inspected and have a muster of the crew before the customs officers of Alaska or the United States marshal.

"8. The employers must take such other action and perform such other conditions as may be imposed by the department either prior to or after permission is granted to any of the several alien enemies."

Mrs. C. E. Weber was hostess Wednesday of last week at a very pleasant afternoon tea in honor of Mrs. Cole. Bowls of golden daffodils contrasted with the blue and white appointments of the tea table around which the ladies gathered after a time spent in needlework, knitting and merry conversation. Mrs. Weber, whose love of blue and white china is no secret among her friends, was presented with a number of new pieces to add to her collection by those present. The guests who were invited to the occasion were Mesdames Hofstad, Coulter, Campbell, Mason, Levering, Patenaude, Cole, Grant, Rastad, Carlson and Walker and Miss Woods.

L. O. Gore, of Juneau, who spent several days in Wrangell on legal business, left on the Spokane for his home. Mr. Gore is grand recorder for the Arctic Brotherhood. He is a nephew of Mrs. F. E. Bronson of Wrangell.

Department of the Interior
United States Land Office
Juneau, Alaska.

December 5, 1917.

Notice is hereby given that Josephine H. Mason, widow of Julius A. Mason, dead, of Wrangell, Alaska, has filed in this office notice of intention to make final five year proof to establish her homestead claim under the provisions of the Act of May 14, 1898, as amended March 3, 1903. (32 Stat. 1028) to the land embraced in U. S. Survey 1226, situate on the East side of Wrangell Narrows, Mitkof Island, Lat. 56° 34' N., Long. 132° 57' W., and more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at Cor. No. 1, M. C., on line of ordinary high tide, Wrangell Narrows, whence U. S. L. M. bears S. 36° 19' 37" E. 8.02 chs., thence meandering on line of ordinary high tide (1) S. 27° 06' E. 3.19 chs. (2) S. 60° 04' E. 3.57 chs. (3) S. 6° 00' W. 2.26 chs. (4) S. 13° 51' E. 2.32 chs. (5) S. 28° 36' E. 2.97 chs. (6) S. 23° 25' W. 4.08 chs. (7) S. 8° 51' W. 4.13 chs. (8) S. 2° 03' W. 1.64 chs. (9) S. 7° 52' E. 5.02 chs. (10) S. 4° 58' E. 6.08 chs. (11) S. 0° 48' W. 4.25 chs. to Cor. No. 2, M. C. whence W. C. bears E. 0.70 chs., thence E. 34.88 chs. to Cor. No. 3, thence N. 36.48 chs. to Cor. No. 4, thence W. 40.00 chs. to Cor. No. 1, the place of beginning, containing an area of 120.88 acres. Mag. Var. 30° 45' E.

Said proof will be established by the testimony of said Josephine H. Mason before the U. S. Commissioner C. E. Weber, at his office at Wrangell, Alaska, on the first day of May, 1918, at ten o'clock a. m., and by the testimony of two of the following witnesses, viz: Frederick E. Brown, William G. Thomas, John G. Grant, Leo C. Patenaude, all of Wrangell, Alaska.

C. B. WALKER,
Register.

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Pyorrhoea and Prophylactic
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Staple and Fancy Groceries
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Prompt Service Lowest Price

You Have Something
to Sell That Some
One Wants
to Buy.
Advertise and Get
Together

CABLE NEWS

MONDAY, MARCH 11

SEATTLE.—Mrs. Emma C. Bardette was burnt to death from an explosion when kindling fire with coal oil.

AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE.—A mixed force of American and French troops penetrated German positions to the depth of one thousand yards in a successful raid on Champagne front. The raids were preceded by an intense bombardment that leveled the German defense and blew up German dugouts.

WASHINGTON.—The Navy today announced the death of Andrew Donnie Skaggs and Leo Schott Harvie in an aeroplane accident in France.

AMSTERDAM.—There will be a conference of sovereigns of the Central powers and Turkey and Bulgaria immediately after Easter according to Hungarian newspapers.

AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE.—American troops on Lorraine front suffered an extremely heavy concentrated bombardment northwest of Toul. The enemy fired hundreds of gas shells into American positions in a short time, but not one American was sent to the hospital, owing to the rapidity with which the gas masks were adjusted.

PARIS.—Secretary of War Baker arrived Sunday at a French port.

WASHINGTON.—Baker's visit to Europe is purely military, not diplomatic.

AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE.—American and German patrols fought Sunday in No Man's Land near Chemin Des Dames. One German captured and three believed to have been killed. Americans untouched.

LONDON.—The British have occupied Hit eighty miles west of Bagdad on the Euphrates river in Mesopotamia and in Palestine. British have made a general advance on both sides of Jerusalem.

SAN FRANCISCO.—Mrs. Thompson, wife of the Mayor of Chicago, was robbed of a ring and a cluster of diamonds valued at \$4,000.

PARIS.—Twelve squadron of German aeroplanes participated in Friday night's bombing. Thirteen were killed and fifty wounded.

Drive Germany's Silent Allies from America Make Sure They Can't Enter Your Home

Waste and Extravagance are Germany's Silent Allies. They will help the Kaiser. They will kill American soldiers.

Every bit of waste, every extravagance takes force from the power America must put into the war to win. Every penny spent for luxuries and unnecessary things is a penny lost to the production and purchase of good, clothing, supplies, ships and munitions for our soldiers.

As long as we spend wastefully, Germany will receive silent but powerful help from America; just so much farther away is the Day of Peace.

Don't spend thoughtlessly or unnecessarily. Save! With high wages and plenty of work for everyone there never was such an opportunity to help yourself and help your country.

Save to help the Government. Lend your savings to your country—and drive out the enemy's silent allies. Put your dimes and quarters, as well as your dollars, at work.

Every man, woman and child can buy War Saving Stamps—and keep buying them. Put all you can save into War Savings Stamps and watch your savings grow. They are a profitable, simple, and secure investment. You'll never find a better road to Prosperity.

BECOME A WAR SAVER

AND
HELP YOURSELF TO PROSPERITY
HELP YOUR COUNTRY TO VICTORY

[This advertisement paid for by ST. MICHAELS TRADING CO.]

Need of Closer Relationship With Our Sister American Republics

By JOHN BARRETT, Director General of the Pan-American Union

WE must not only as a government, but as a people, be up and doing in solving our international problems, in studying international questions and realizing our international responsibilities.

To this end every civic, commercial and social organization of our men and women, our universities and our public schools and our newspapers should leave no effort and method neglected to awaken our people to careful consideration of international issues. In this way only the people co-operating with the central government at Washington can protect and safeguard the name, the influence and the position of the UNITED STATES IN THE FAMILY OF NATIONS AND MAKE THE NAME "UNITED STATES" HONORED AND TRUSTED THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

Ranking high in our foreign relations are our opportunities and responsibilities with our twenty sister Latin American republics. They have been affected just as much by the war as has the United States, and they are looking to the United States for leadership and co-operation in solving the gigantic problems of the conflict. This struggle across the seas has done more than any other influence since the declaration of the Monroe doctrine to develop pan-American commerce, pan-American comity and pan-American solidarity, but the United States must prepare for the powerful political and commercial competition which it will experience from the European nations in the Latin-American field when the war is over.

It is therefore necessary that, in the study of international problems, the American people should understand the meaning of practical pan-Americanism AND DO EVERYTHING IN THEIR POWER TO PROMOTE CLOSER RELATIONS WITH THEIR SISTER AMERICAN PEOPLES.

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When you are mushing over the bleak trails or splashing around the sluice box—that's when you appreciate "Hi-Press." Not only cozy and warm but comfortable—built to fit the working foot.

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X-Ray when indicated
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Write for appointment.

Wrangell Lodge No. 866 Loyal Order of Moose

Meets every Friday at 8:00 P.M.
in Redmen's Hall.
Visiting Paps welcome.
W. J. Pigg, Dictator.
J. W. PRITCHETT, Secretary.

Stikine Tribe No. 5 Impd. Order of Redmen

Meets every Tuesday evening in the Redmen's hall at 7:30 o'clock.
Visiting brothers cordially invited.

W. H. WARREN, Sachem.
L. M. CHURCHILL, C. of R.

Arctic Brotherhood Camp Wrangell, No. 28

Meets every Wednesday at 7:30 P.M. sharp, at Red Men's Lodge Rooms.
Visiting Brothers Cordially Invited
Thomas Dalgity, Arctic Chief.
L. M. Churchill, Secretary.

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C talk's goin' on
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is, when it gets to some folks,
it stops cirkalatin'.



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WHATEVER YOUR DESTINATION
ALWAYS BUY TICKETS AND CHECK BAGGAGE THROUGH
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NORTH SOUTH
March 11 SPOKANE March 14
14 CITY OF SEATTLE 17

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Leave Wrangell for Ketchikan, Prince Rupert, Seattle, Tacoma and all Puget Sound Points
CALIFORNIA ROUTE—Leave Seattle Mondays, Fridays and Saturdays for
San Francisco, Los Angeles, and San Diego.
San Francisco to Los Angeles daily except Sunday.
San Francisco to San Diego Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

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Up-to-date Machines. New and Complete Stock of Fittings

Best Workmanship

Agent for Frisco Standard Gas Engines.

Wrangell, Alaska

Wrangell Electric Light & Power Co.

Will supply you with

LIGHTS

ELECTRIC FIXTURES, LAMPS, SHADES, WIRE, SWITCHES,
LAMP ADJUSTERS and BATTERIES

Why not try some of our NEW LAMPS in your home

GIVE US A TRIAL

O. C. Palmer, Owner & Manager

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The Alpine people believe in putting into their cans that which others put in advertising.

Alpine Milk will at all times run between 8 1/2 per cent and 8 3/4 per cent butterfat, and 27 per cent to 28 1/2 per cent total solids, and every can bears a thousand dollars guarantee of purity.

Advertising Pays

OUTSIDE PALE OF HUMANITY

Frightfulness Taught by German
Leaders Belongs to Age of
Barbarism.

SOLEMN PLEDGE MERE WORDS

Kaiser's Statesmen Had No Intention
of Keeping Faith With Their
Agreement on International Law
—Horrors Told by Diaries.

In giving to the American people the knowledge of German inhumanity in Belgium, says a pamphlet issued by the committee on public information, the evidence is drawn mainly from German and American sources. The German sources include official proclamations, letters and diaries of German soldiers, and quotations from German newspapers. The "Rules for Field Service" of the German army advises each soldier to keep such a diary while on active service.

In the wars waged in ancient times it was taken for granted that conquered peoples might be either killed, tortured, or held as slaves; that their property would be taken and that their lands would be devastated. "Vae victis"—woe to the conquered! For two centuries or more there has been a steady advance in introducing ideas of humanity and especially in confining the evils of warfare to the combatants. The ideal seemed to have become so thoroughly established as a part of international law that the powers at the Hague thought it sufficient merely to state the general principles in Article XLVI of the regulations: "Family honors and rights, the lives of persons and private property, as well as religious convictions and practice, must be respected. Private property cannot be confiscated." Germany, in common with the other powers, solemnly pledged her faith to keep this article, but her military leaders had no intention of doing so. They had been trained in the ideas voiced by Gen. von Hartmann 40 years ago: "Terrorism is seen to be a relatively gentle procedure, useful to keep the masses of the people in a state of obedience." This had been Bismarck's policy, too. According to Moritz Busch, Bismarck's biographer, "Bismarck, exasperated by the French resistance, which was still continuing in January, 1871, said: 'If in the territory which we occupy, we cannot supply everything for our troops, from time to time we shall send a flying column into the localities which are recalcitrant. We shall shoot, hang and burn. After that has happened a few times, the inhabitants will finally come to their sense.'"

Horrors Told in Soldiers' Diaries.
The frightfulness taught by German leaders held full sway in Belgium. This is best seen in the entries in the diaries of the individual German soldiers.

"During the night of August 15-16 Engineer Gr— gave the alarm in the town of Vise. Every one was shot or taken prisoner, and the houses were burnt. The prisoners were made to march and keep up with the troops." (From the diary of noncommissioned officer Reinhold Koehn of the Second battalion of engineers, Third army corps.)

"A horrible bath of blood. The whole village burnt, the French thrown into the blazing houses, civilians with the rest." (From the diary of Private Hassemmer of the Eighth army corps.)

"In the night of August 18-19 the village of Saint-Maurice was punished for having fired on German soldiers by being burnt to the ground by the German troops (two regiments, the Twelfth Landwehr and the Seventeenth). The village was surrounded, men posted about a yard from one another, so that no one could get out. Then the Germans set fire to it, house by house. Neither man, woman, nor child could escape; only the greater part of the live stock we carried off, as that could be used. Anyone who ventured to come out was shot down. All the inhabitants left in the village were burnt with the houses." (From the diary of Private Karl Scheufele of the Third Bavarian regiment and Landwehr infantry.)

"At ten o'clock in the evening the first battalion of the One hundred and Seventy-eighth marched down the steep incline into the burning village to the burning village to the north of Dinant. A terrific spectacle of ghastly beauty. At the entrance to the village lay about fifty dead civilians, shot for having fired upon our troops from ambush. In the course of the night many others were also shot, so that we counted over 200. Women and children, lamp in hand, were forced to look on at the horrible scene. We ate our rice later in the midst of the corpses, for we had had nothing since morning. When we searched the houses we found plenty of wine and spirit, but no eatables. Captain Hamann was drunk." (This last phrase in shorthand.) (From the diary of Private Philipp of the One Hundred and Seventy-eighth regiment of infantry, Twelfth army corps.)

Writing from Belgium in 1916 Irvin S. Cobb said:

"Briefly what I saw was this: I saw

wide areas of Belgium and France in which not a penny's worth of wanton destruction had been permitted to occur. In which the ripe pears hung untouched upon the garden walls; and I saw other wide areas where scarcely one stone had been left to stand upon another; where the fields were ravaged; where the male villagers had been shot in squads; where the miserable survivors had been left to den holes, like wild beasts."

Even Soldiers Horrified.
Some German soldiers, we are glad to see, showed their horror at the foul deeds committed in Belgium.

"The inhabitants have fled in the village. It was horrible. There was blood on all the beards, and what faces one saw, terrible to behold! The dead, 60 in all, were at once buried. Among them were many old women, some old men, and a half-delivered woman, awful to see; three children had clasped each other, and died thus. The altar and the vaults of the church are shattered. They had a telephone there to communicate with the enemy. This morning, September 2, all the survivors were expelled, and I saw four little boys carrying a cradle, with a baby five or six months old in it, on two sticks. All this was terrible to see. Shot after shot! Thunderbolt after thunderbolt! Everything is given over to pillage; fowls and the rest all killed. I saw a mother, too, with her two children; one had a great wound on the head and had lost an eye." (From the diary of Lance Corporal Paul Spickman of the Ersatz, first brigade of infantry of the Guard.)

"... In the night the inhabitants of Liege became fugitives. Forty persons were shot and 15 houses demolished, 10 soldiers shot. The sights here make you cry.

"On the 23rd of August everything quiet. The inhabitants have so far given in. Seventy students were shot, 200 kept prisoners. Inhabitants returning to Liege.

"August 24. At noon with 36 men on sentry duty. Sentry duty is a 1, no post allocated to me. Our occupation, apart from bathing, is eating and drinking. We live like God in Belgium." (From the diary of Joh. van der Schoot, reservist of the Tenth company, Thirty-ninth reserve infantry regiment, Seventh reserve army corps.)

"Behaved Like Vandals."

"August 17. In the afternoon I had a look at the little chateau belonging to one of the king's secretaries (not at home). Our men had behaved like regular vandals. They had looted the cellar first, and then they had turned their attention to the bedrooms and thrown things about all over the place. They had even made fruitless efforts to smash the safe open. Everything was tony-turvy—magnificent furniture, silk, and even china. That's what happens when the men are allowed to requisition for themselves. I am sure they must have taken away a heap of useless stuff simply for the pleasure of looting."

"August 6th crossed frontier. Inhabitants on border very good to us and give us many things. There is no difference noticeable.

"August 23rd, Sunday (between Binant and Dinant, village of Disongol). At 11 o'clock the order comes to advance after the artillery has thoroughly prepared the ground ahead. The Pioneers and Infantry regiment 178 were marching in front of us. Near a small village the latter were fired on by the inhabitants. About 220 inhabitants were shot and the village was burnt—artillery is continuously shooting—the village lies in a large ravine. Just now, six o'clock in the afternoon, the crossing of the Maas begins near Dinant. . . . All villages, chateaux, and houses are burnt down during this night. It was a beautiful sight to see the fires all round us in the distance.

"August 24.—In every village one finds only heaps of ruins and many dead." From the diary of Matbern, Fourth company, Eleventh Jager battalion, Marburg.)

All Male Inhabitants Shot.

"A shell burst near the Eleventh company, and wounded seven men, three very severely. At five o'clock we were ordered by the officer in command of the regiment to shoot all the male inhabitants of Nomeny, because the population was foolishly attempting to stay the advance of the German troops by force of arms. We broke into the houses, and seized all who resisted, in order to execute them according to martial law. The houses which had not been already destroyed by the French artillery and our own were set on fire by us, so that nearly the whole town was reduced to ashes. It is a terrible sight when helpless women and children, utterly destitute, are herded together and driven into France." (From the diary of Private Fischer, Eighth Bavarian regiment of infantry, Thirty-third reserve division.)

Too Many Servants in Britain.

Duncan Miller asked the minister of national service, says the London Times, whether his attention has been called to the number of advertisements for servants in households of one, two or three persons, where seven to ten indoor servants are already kept, and whether he proposes to limit the number of indoor servants employed in each household. The minister of national service replied that he had already pointed out how essential it is, in the national interest, that no person should employ more servants than are absolutely necessary. The minister trusts that the awakened consciences of those who have in this respect failed to appreciate their duty will provide an immediate and sufficient remedy. If not, he will tell his plan in the general statement on manpower.

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WRANGELL

A LASKA

The City Store

DONALD SINCLAIR, Proprietor

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Trapper's and Fishermen's Supplies
Complete Stock of Trollers Supplies

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Including Giled Coats, Pants, Hats and Aprons—all the best brands of Rubber Boots—Ribano, Gold Seal, Ball Brand, Walrus and Bull's Eye.

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Groceries and Provisions
Clothing and Hardware

The Best Goods at Lowest Prices

Wrangell, Alaska

Moose Entertain

The Moose dance and card party Saturday night was so highly enjoyed that it came near being an all night affair.

Progressive whist was played from 9 until 11:30 o'clock. Prizes were awarded as follows: ladies' first prize, Miss Quast; ladies' consolation prize, Mrs. C. C. Mundy; gentlemen's first prize, C. M. Coulter; gentlemen's consolation prize, W. T. Davis.

After the awarding of prizes the guests were invited to the banquet room where a sumptuous repast was served.

Following the lunch the guests repaired to the hall downstairs where dancing was indulged in with greatest pleasure. When dancing gets to going good in Wrangell it goes with a vengeance and at 2:30 when the chairman was heard to say something about the next number being Home Sweet Home his life was threatened. It was at least an hour later when the gay ballfores ceased their tipsy-chorean activities.

The committee responsible for the splendid success of the event was composed of E. J. LaBounty, S. A. Shepard, and Mayo W. Wenzell.

Registration Notice

The registration book of the Town of Wrangell, Alaska, has been delivered to L. C. Patenaude, who has been appointed Registrar for the said town and this book will be open at his office for the registration of voters on Friday, March 15th, 1918, and will remain open until Monday, April 1st, of same year, (Sundays excepted), during the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. daily.

F. MATHESON,
Mayor.

I. J. Erickson, city clerk of Petersburg, was aboard the Spokane en route home from a visit to the States. While the vessel was in port Mr. Erickson visited with Dr. Bulkley.

A Stitch in Time Saves Nine

Painting Tinting, Paper Hanging and General
House Repairing by Contract or by Hour

ALBERT DUBKE

THE WRANGELL SENTINEL

J. W. PRITCHETT, Publisher

\$3.00 PER YEAR, IN ADVANCE
Foreign Countries 50c Extra

Entered as second-class matter at the
Wrangell, Alaska, post office, under
Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.



THURSDAY, MARCH 14, 1918

WHO HAS THE WRONG NOTION

The Ketchikan *Minor* patronizingly claims that the Wrangell people in asking that no alien Austrians be brought into the country are all wrong.

The *Minor* claims that there is a shortage of labor, and that the importation of alien Austrians will meet the needs of the country.

The SENTINEL in answer to the above would call attention to the fact that the number of men who will be taken by the draft from Alaska is very small; and that, as all the Natives are fishermen and are not subject to the draft, the loss from Alaska's fishing force on account of the draft will be practically nothing.

The SENTINEL would ask the *Minor* or any one else to give illustrations of nets owned by canneries, that canneries wished to use, that ever went begging for fishermen.

We have it from good authority that at times last summer fishing boats were limited to 600 fish a day because the canneries could not use more. Instead of being too few fishermen, there were too many.

What possibly could have prompted the canneries to ask for more fishermen.

Last summer was the first summer that the average fisherman in Alaska ever received a fair return for his labor. Some of the canneries were glad to see this. They are not asking for Austrian fishermen now. Other canneries apparently begrudge the fishermen the privilege of getting a fair return for their labor, and, so in order to beat down the price of fish, are ready to expose their canneries, and other Alaska property, and Alaska's food products to the danger of sabotage.

This is the way it looks to the SENTINEL, and it suggests that the fishermen and business men who are really interested in Alaska do not for a minute stop the agitation.

Does our food administration realize what the danger of sabotage is, in the employment of alien enemies?

Crews of fishermen are continually being shifted from one fishing place to another. It is practically impossible to watch alien fishermen. The evil minded would be free to do all the damage they pleased.

Then again, suppose one of these men should be employed in a cannery. How easy it would be to introduce poison into the cans, or to derange the machinery.

If America wins the war, and of course it will, it must protect specially the industries that provide food for its people and its armies.

Will Begin Issuing Questionnaires

F. Matheson, chairman of Local Board No. 8, this week received a cablegram stating that instructions to issue questionnaires are now in the mail. The board will begin the issuance of questionnaires as soon as it receives the instructions which are expected to be on the Spokane now en route from Juneau.

In pursuance of the Selective Service Regulations of the Military Draft the Local Board will issue questionnaires to 5 per cent of the total number of registrants each working day. In this way

Hart Schaffner & Marx
Men's Clothes
Holeproof Hose
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Clearance Sale Men's Wool Shirts at Pre-War Prices

With the recent big advances in the factory cost of woolen goods, making it necessary to add from \$1 to \$4 per garment for woolen shirts. These are great bargains which you should not miss.

War Savings Certificates And Thrift Stamps For Sale Here

MAJESTIC RANGES, SHIPMATE RANGES, BRIDGE & BEACH STOVES
HEATERS AND RANGES :: :: VALVOLINE LUBRICATING OILS

the task of issuing questionnaires to the registrants of the Wrangell district will be completed in twenty working days.

Registrants will be allowed seven days in which to return their questionnaires. Registrants not returning their questionnaires in seven days will forfeit their right to have a request considered for any classification other than Class 1.

The local board is composed of F. Matheson, J. W. Stedman, Dr. C. H. Upton.

The local board has recommended to the Governor the appointment of Dr. J. L. Bulkley as a member of the medical advisory board for the Wrangell district.

In October Governor Strong appointed Judge Wm. G. Thomas to take appeals in the name of the Provost Marshal General from the decisions of the local board. Since Judge Thomas left Wrangell he has had some correspondence with the Governor, and it is understood that in his absence J. S. Clark will informally take appeals.

The legal advisory board is composed of F. E. Bronson, chairman; C. E. Weber, J. S. Clark, Leo McCormack.

In another column is a notice of a town election. A mayor is to be elected, Councilmen J. G. Grant, J. G. Bjorge, and C. M. Coulter will hold office for another year. The terms of the following councilmen end at the next meeting: George H. Barnes, M. McKinney, Arnt Sorset. There is one vacancy on the school board, the term of H. D. Campbell ending this year. Hon. P. C. McCormack is to serve another year, while Mrs. M. O. Johnson is to remain on the board for the next two years.

There was an alarm of fire given from the hospital at 12 o'clock Saturday night. Dr. and Mrs. Bulkley were attending the Moose social at the time. The blaze was discovered by the maid who gave the alarm. The fire department quickly responded and the blaze was soon extinguished. The damage will not exceed \$125.

The Native fair at Hyaburg last week was a great success. Most of the honors were carried away by Hyaburg. There was a good attendance from neighboring villages, especially Metlakatla. Rev. David Waggoner and George Hawkesworth of Juneau were in attendance. These gentlemen are returning home via Ketchikan.

T. H. Tannerhill got into trouble this week by sharing a bottle of booze with a thirsty Native woman. U. S. Commissioner Weber frowned upon this act of generosity by imposing a fine of \$50 and costs. In default of the payment of the fine the defendant was committed to jail for 25 days.

Notice of Election

Notice is hereby given that the annual election for the Town of Wrangell, Alaska, will be held in the town hall, Tuesday, April 2, 1918. This election will be held for the purpose of electing three councilmen to serve for the period of two years, also a mayor for the term of one year, and one member of the Wrangell School Board for a term of three years. Polls will be open at 10 o'clock a. m. and close at 7 p. m.

By order of the Town Council of Wrangell, Alaska, March 7th, 1918.

J. E. WORDEN,
Town Clerk.

St. Philip's Church

March 17, 1918.
Learning to like the things that you do not like. Is it possible? Is a man responsible for what he likes? Can we, and how can we, control our feelings? These and many other questions will be considered in the address Sunday evening at St. Philip's Church. All are cordially invited.

Caucus Notice

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the citizens of Wrangell, Alaska, will be held in the town hall on Tuesday, March 26th, 1918, for the purpose of nominating the following municipal officers for said town: Three members of the town council to serve for a period of two years and a mayor

for said town to serve for the period of one year, also one member of the Wrangell school board to serve for three years.

By order of the Town Council of Wrangell, March 7th, 1918.
J. E. WORDEN,
Town Clerk.

Mysterious Failure

"And when we were come to the multitude, there came to him a certain man, kneeling down to Him and saying, 'Lord have mercy on my son for he is a lunatic, and sore vexed; for oftentimes he falleth into the fire and oft into the water. And I brought him to thy disciples, and they could not cure him.' Then the disciples came to Jesus apart and said, 'Why could not we cast him out?' Matt. 17:14-16, 19.

Come to the Presbyterian church, Sunday evening, at 7:30 p. m.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN

Two-cylinder, two cycle 12 h. p. Lackawana engine, with bronze shafting, reverse gear, propeller. Price \$250.

One 24 ft. "V" bottom trunk cabin boat, 6 foot beam amidship, draft 30 inches. Price \$40.

Will accept \$275 for complete outfit including tank, anchor, light and batteries.

Fine outfit for trolling.

Write or cable
W. H. IRVINE,
Douglas, Alaska.

CABLE NEWS

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 13, 1918

LONDON.—Three zeppelins took part in a raid last night on England. One dropped four bombs on Hull. Other airships flew about aimlessly over country districts dropping bombs and then proceeded back to the sea. One woman died from shock.

PARIS.—It was announced here today that American artillery fire reached great intensity at several points. Five groups of German gas protectors which were ready to be used were obliterated. Shell fire in towns back of German lines set fire to large quantities of ammunition and new dumps were blown up.

BERLIN.—Nineteen aeroplanes of the Allies and two captive balloons were brought down by German machines on the Western front yesterday, the German War office announced today.

WASHINGTON.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, today cabled Russian labor leaders urging that in Russia labor put up a strong resistance to Teutonic domination.

LONDON.—A British aerial destroyer overpowered a German submarine destroyer and captured eight of her crew.

LONDON.—The Chinese commander at Harbin has warned the leader of the Bolshevik forces in Siberia that the invasion of Chinese territory will be considered an act of war, according to Harbin advices forwarded by Reuters' Peking correspondent.

HARBIN.—General Semenov, the anti-Bolshevik leader in Siberia has retreated into Manchuria before the advance of superior Bolshevik forces.

WASHINGTON.—It was announced today that government control would probably be extended to the express companies.

WASHINGTON.—The United States loaned Cuba fifteen million and Britain two hundred million today.

WASHINGTON.—On the eve of the gathering at Moscow of the Russian congress of Soviets to pass judgment on the German made peace accepted by the Bolsheviks, President Wilson sent a message expressing the sympathy which the people of the United States feel for the Russian people at this moment when the German power has been thrust in to interrupt and turn back their whole struggle for freedom and substitute the wishes of Germany for the purpose of the people of Russia.

AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE.—Troops holding American sector north of Toul made a successful raid against the Boches this morning. This is the first exclusively American raid without French participation.

TOKIO.—The cabinet at Peking has decided to despatch 40,000 Chinese troops to Siberia. The expenses of the expedition amounting to ten million yen were authorized by the creation of a foreign loan.

FANCY AND STAPLE GOODS

STATIONERY AND SCHOOL SUPPLIES

THE WHEELER DRUG COMPANY